



International Air Force Semester
 IO: 2
 Doc.:
 Date : 20 Jan 2021
 Origin: AFAHC

Country ROU	Institution AFAHC	Module Description Aerial Navigation	ECTS 2.0
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Service AF	<p align="center">Minimum Qualification for Lecturers</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ English: Common European Framework of Reference for Languages (CEFR) Level B2 or NATO STANAG Level 3. ○ Good knowledge in aerial navigation ○ Theoretical and (not necessary) practical knowledge regarding aerial navigation calculations ○ Adequate knowledge of English radio communications ○ Adequate knowledge regarding flight safety during operational procedures.
Language English	

Goal of the Module	
<p>Prerequisites for international participants:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • English: Common European Framework of Reference for Languages (CEFR) Level B1 or NATO STANAG Level 2. • At least 1 year of national (military) higher education. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> – To give basic knowledge to students about navigation systems and radars. – To develop skills for calculations relating to radio navigation systems and radars. – To build competences for analyzing and assessing of navigation information.

Learning outcomes	Knowledge	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> – The navigation parameters – Fundamental principles of different radio navigation systems – Principles and applications of radio navigation systems during flight and air traffic management – Impact of operating conditions on radio navigation systems – The basic principles and parameters of radars
	Skills	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> – Work out theoretical performance calculations relating to radio navigation systems – Work out theoretical performance calculations relating to radars – Assess potential decreasing in performances of radio systems related changes of conditions or some parameters
	Responsibility & Autonomy	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> – Adapting the information to changing environment and changed parameters of systems. – Assessing situation, using data from navigation systems and/or radars – Analyzing information from navigation systems and radars

**Verification of Learning Outcomes**

Test	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> A final exam will be given to the cadets for verifying their understanding of the course topics
Assignment	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> An individual assignment will be given to the cadets to test their understanding of basic navigation calculations and map reading techniques
Case study	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Some case studies will be discussed in the context of the module regarding map reading and calculation.

Module Details

Main Topic	Recommended WH	Details
E-learning	2	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Basic Aerial Navigation refresh Introduction to Radio Navigation Aids Basic Radio Propagation Theory Basic principles.
DME	2	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> DME – Distance-measuring equipment DME – Cockpit displays DME Arcs
Global Navigation Satellite Systems (GNSS)	4	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Global Positioning System Global Navigation Satellite Systems GPS, GLONASS, GALILEO; Ground, satellite and airborne-based augmentation systems. Selective Availability RAIM Capability RNAV PBN concept
ADF/NDB navigation system	4	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> The NDB and the ADF (Non-directional beacon and Automatic direction finder) The ADF and the Direction Indicator The NDB/ADF combination The ADF cockpit displays The RMI – Radio Magnetic Indicator The RBI – Relative Bearing Indicator NDB Approaches
VOR/DME navigation system	3	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> The VOR – Very high frequency Omni-directional Radio range VOR radials VOR cockpit instruments Use of the VOR - Course Intercept VOR and DME VOR Instrument Approaches



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TACAN	2	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> TACAN System Differences with VOR
Calculations	1	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 60/1 Rule
Instrument Landing Systems	4	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> The ILS – Instrument Landing System ILS elements ILS cockpit displays The Glideslope Marker beacons HSI – Horizontal situation indicator Glideslope intercepting
Autonomous Navigation Systems and Area Navigation Systems, RNAV/FMS	2	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> General philosophy and definitions; LORAN , DOPPLER, OMEGA, INS/IRS Basic RNAV (B-RNAV), Precision RNAV (P-RNAV), RNP-PNAV; Flight Management System (FMS) and general terms; Typical flight-deck equipment fitted on FMS aircraft;
Ground Radar	2	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Introduction Long Range Surveillance Radar Terminal Surveillance Radar Surveillance (Approach) Radar
Map reading	4	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> FLIP (Flight Information Publications) and Charts
Test	2	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Module examination
Self-Study Hours		
Topic	18	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> The self-study hours are required for the preparation of the daily lectures and theoretical exercises Extra hours are required for the preparation and contribution in the case study of the course regarding different aircraft map situations.
Total WH	50	

List of Abbreviations:

CEFR Common European Framework of Reference for Languages
 ECTS European Credit Transfer and Accumulation System
 NATO North Atlantic Treaty Organisation
 STANAG Standardization Agreement
 WH Working Hour



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IoT Internet of Things
 EU European Union

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