



International Air Force Semester
 IO: 1
 Doc.:
 Date : 29 January 2021
 Origin: PrAFA

Country PT	Institution PrAFA	Module Description Avionics Systems	ECTS 4.0
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Service AF	<p>Minimum Qualification for Lecturers</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> English: Common European Framework of Reference for Languages (CEFR) Level B2 or NATO STANAG Level 3.
Language English	

<p>Prerequisites for international participants:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> English: Common European Framework of Reference for Languages (CEFR) Level B1 or NATO STANAG Level 2. At least 1 year of national (military) higher education. 	<p>Goal of the Module</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> To present the concept of avionics systems architecture in modern aircraft; To present the operating principles of the main avionics systems, namely Communications, Navigation and Surveillance, including military's exclusive use systems To present the principles of automatic flight control, flight deck displays and air traffic management To present specific topics on electronic warfare
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Learning outcomes	Knowledge	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Understands and identifies different avionic system's architectures Understands the operating principles of the main avionics systems, namely Communications, Navigation and Surveillance, including military exclusive use systems Understands the principles of automatic flight control, flight deck displays and air traffic management Understands the purpose and working principles of different electronic warfare applications
	Skills	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Identifies different avionic systems' architectures, and enunciates their main characteristics Identifies the main components of a communications system and describes the different forms of free space radio propagation Understands the main parameters of communications system's components and is able to perform simple computations Identifies different analogue and digital communications modulations and understands how their main working principles are implemented in an actual avionics system Is able to describe the working principles of ground and space-based navigation aids, as well as instrument landing systems; Identifies different types of radar systems, enunciate their working principles and describes their typical applications in avionics systems Is able to perform simple computations for different radar systems' applications Understands the working principles of air-data, magnetic, inertial and electro-optical sensors, identifies different technological implementation solutions for each system and enunciates their main characteristics



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	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Enunciates the principles of automatic flight control, identifies its main elements and describes the principles of navigation • Understands the technological evolution of flight deck displays and identifies different display systems architectures • Describes the workings and requirements of flight data recorders and emergency beacons • Describes the main principles of air traffic management and future trends on this subject • Enunciates the main principles of electronic warfare systems
<p>Responsibility & Autonomy</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Own the technical knowledge on avionics systems of military aircrafts, that contributes to enhance student's performance as future air force pilots



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Verification of Learning Outcomes

Test	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Knowledge assessment is carried out through two written tests
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Module Details		
Main Topic	Recommended WH	Details
Avionics Technology and Architectures	4	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Evolution of Avionics Architectures • Avionics computing • Data Buses
Communications Systems	10	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Brief overview of Antennas and Propagation <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ The RF Spectrum ○ Electromagnetic field ○ Antennas and their main characteristics ○ Free space propagation equation ○ Radio propagation modes • Brief overview of Telecommunications <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ Analogue and Digital Modulations ○ Multiple Access Methods • Aircraft voice and data communications systems <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ HF, VHF, UHF and SATCOM ○ Military datalink systems: Link 16
Navigations Aids	4	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Ground-Based Navigation Aids <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ ADF/NDB ○ VOR ○ DME ○ TACAN ○ VOR/TAC • Instrument Landing Systems <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ ILS ○ MLS • Space-based Navigation Systems
Radar Systems	8	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Radar systems <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ Principles of radar ○ Pulsed radar ○ Continuous Wave radar ○ Doppler radar ○ Synthetic aperture radar • Radar-based systems <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ Air Traffic Control (ATC) Transponder (modes A, C, S) ○ IFF ○ TCAS
Sensors	6	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Air Data Sensors • Magnetic Sensors • Inertial Sensors • Electro-optical Sensors



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Flight Control Systems	4	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Principles of Flight Control Flight Control Elements <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Principles of Fly-by-Wire Autopilot Flight Director System Principles of Flight Management System
Navigation Systems	4	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Principles of Navigation Electronic Flight Bag Performance Based Navigation ADS-B Future of Air Traffic Management (ATM) Flight Data Recorders and Emergency Beacons
Display Systems	2	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Flight Deck Displays Head-Up Display Visual Guidance System Enhanced and Synthetic Vision Systems Display System's Technologies and Architectures
Electronic Warfare	4	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Electronic support Electronic attack Electronic protection
Test	4	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Module examinations and review
Self-Study Hours		
All topics	50	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Self-study hours are required for the careful review of each lesson, in order for the students to assimilate and understand the presented topics.
Total WH	100	



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List of Abbreviations:

- ADF Automatic Direction Finder
- ADS-B Automatic Dependent Surveillance Broadcast
- ATC Air Traffic Control
- ATM Air Traffic Management
- CEFR Common European Framework of Reference for Languages
- DME Distance Measuring Equipment
- ECTS European Credit Transfer and Accumulation System
- EU European Union
- HF High Frequency
- IFF Identification Friend or Foe
- ILS Instrument Landing System
- MLS Microwave Landing System
- NATO North Atlantic Treaty Organisation
- NDB Non-Directional Beacon
- RF Radio Frequency
- SATCOM Satellite Communications
- STANAG Standardization Agreement
- TACAN Tactical Air Navigation System
- TCAS Traffic Collision Avoidance System
- UHF Ultra High Frequency
- VHF Very High Frequency
- VOR VHF Omnidirectional Range
- WH Working Hour

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